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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 08/937,883 09/25/1997 SHIMON GRUPER COLB-0083 2262 20741 7590 12/18/2002 HOFFMAN WASSON & GITLER 2361 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY SUITE 522 ARLINGTON, VA 22202 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2127 DATE MAILED: 12/18/2002	<u> </u>				
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2361 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY SUITE 522 ARLINGTON, VA 22202 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2127					
SUITE 522 ARLINGTON, VA 22202 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2127			EXAMINER		
ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2127 3	SUITE 522			TANG, KENNETH	
30	ARLINGTON	, VA 22202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DATE MAILED: 12/18/2002 50				2127	2.
				DATE MAILED: 12/18/2002	30

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	•	08/937,883	GRUPER ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kenneth Tang	2127			
Pariod fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
Period fo	, •	V 10 057 70 5V5155 - 110 15				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 S	September 2002 .				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 19 and 21-35 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
i	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19 and 21-35</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) 🗌 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment						
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 30			



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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 19 and 21-35 are pending in the application.
- 2. Arguments from Ammendment B are disregarded because of the new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being unpatentable over Jablon et al. (hereinafter Jablon) (US 5,421,006).

Referring to claim 19, Jablon teaches an apparatus for ensuring the integrity of an application executed on a computer (see Title) having data storage arranged sectorwise (i.e., "disk"), comprising:

- apparatus for learning about the normal behavior of said application by monitoring accesses of said application to elements of said data storage during a limited period ("device", "assessing the integrity", "prevents execution of corrupted programs at time of system initialization", "programs and data", see Abstract);



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an enforcement device, operative after said period is over, for identifying and preventing said application from accessing elements of data storage that do not correspond with the normal behavior of said application ("verify the integrity", "sets a hardware latch to protect the codes in the non-volatile memory from being overwritten by subsequent untrusted programs", "Damage", "virus and Trojan horse attacks is prevented", see Abstract, and "if an integrity violation is detected, the second program is not run", "closes the latch to prevent verification data in the non-volatile memory from being modified by subsequent programs", col. 8, lines 39-59 and col. 10, lines 46-52).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 21-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jablon et al. (hereinafter Jablon) (US 5,421,006).

Referring to claim 21, Jablon teaches an apparatus wherein said enforcement device is operative to prompt a user to give specific permission, upon occurrence of an attempt of the program to access files not accessed during said learning period. Jablon discloses that the user is warned if there is a problem with data integrity (col. 8, line 52). The user gives authentication



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data, such as a password to login. Permission is granted when successful login occurs. User login is necessary to close the latch to protect data from being modified or read by any subsequent program (col. 9, lines 48-54, and col. 20, lines 32-40). Jablon fails to explicitly teach that the verification data for each program is stored in a file and that file is accessed for verification. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing that data can be stored in a file is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a file that contained the verification data of each program to the existing system of Jablon for the reason of increasing organization of the program by keeping the verification information for a particular program in one area. It makes it simpler for the respective program to access the information.

Referring to claim 23, Jablon teaches an apparatus wherein said enforcement device is based at least partly on instances of specific permission being given by the user to the program to access certain files, wherein the enforcement device treats attempts of the program to access files to which the user permitted access during said learning period more leniently than attempts of the program to access files to which the user did not permit access during said learning period. It is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 21. There is definitely more leniency to access files with user permission (successful username/password login). There is no leniency without permission.



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Referring to claims 22 and 24, Jablon teaches an apparatus for ensuring the integrity of a computer application to be run in association with a computer having data storage arranged sectorwise (i.e. "disk) in a storage device, comprising:

- apparatus for assigning a general enforcement file to each new program;
- apparatus for learning about the program by monitoring the program of said data storage,
 by monitoring the program's attempts to make file accesses during a learning period;
- an enforcement device operative, after said learning period is over, to treat attempts of the program to access files accessed during said learning period more leniently than attempts of the program to access files not accessed during said learning period; said enforcement device is based at least on instances of specific permission being given by the user to said application to access locations of said data storage, wherein said enforcement device treats attempts of said application to access locations of said data storage to which the user has permitted to access during said learning period more leniently than attempts of the program to access files to which the user did not permit access during said learning period.

Jablon teaches that the integrity of <u>each</u> program must be verified before the latch mechanism opens the latch and the memory is readable and writable (col. 8, lines 39-59). The "learning period" occurs at this time. Jablon fails to explicitly teach that the verification data for each program is stored in a file. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing that data can be stored in a file is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a file that contained the verification data of each program to the existing system of



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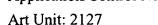
Jablon for the reason of increasing organization of the program by keeping the verification information for a particular program in one area. It makes it simpler for the respective program to access the information.

Referring to claim 25, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 24.

Referring to claim 26-28, Jablon teaches a method further comprising enabling the user of said first application to determine said normal behavior during said learning period. The user determines the normal behavior through the integrity verification process (col. 8, lines 39-59).

Referring to claim 29-34, Jablon teaches a method further comprising detecting attempts of a daughter or second application of said first application to access elements of data storage that do not correspond to said normal behavior as determined by said enforcement file and inhibiting said accesses, thereby preventing the damage thereupon. It is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claims 22 and 24. In addition, Jablon discloses that the system loads a second program only after the first program passes the verification of data integrity (col. 8, lines 39-59).





Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Tang whose telephone number is (703) 305-5334. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (703)305-8498. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is none.

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December 10, 2002

JOHN A. FOLLANSBEE PRIMARY EXAMINER